# LOWER POOL 4 ROBINSON LAKE HABITAT REHABILITATION & ENHANCEMENT PROJECT

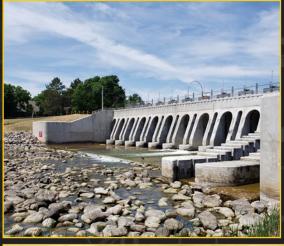
Ben Nelson Project Manager St. Paul District 27 February 2025















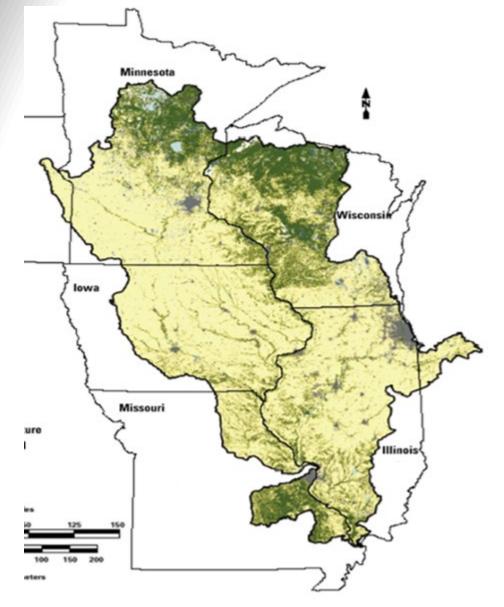








#### **UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER RESTORATION**



#### **Program Authority (Section 1 of the Report)**

Authorized under the Water Resources Development Act (WRDA) 1986

Fish and wildlife Habitat Rehabilitation and Enhancement Projects (**HREP**s)

[33 U.S.C. 652(e)(1)(A)(i)]

"planning, construction, and evaluation of measures for <u>fish and wildlife habitat</u> rehabilitation and enhancement"









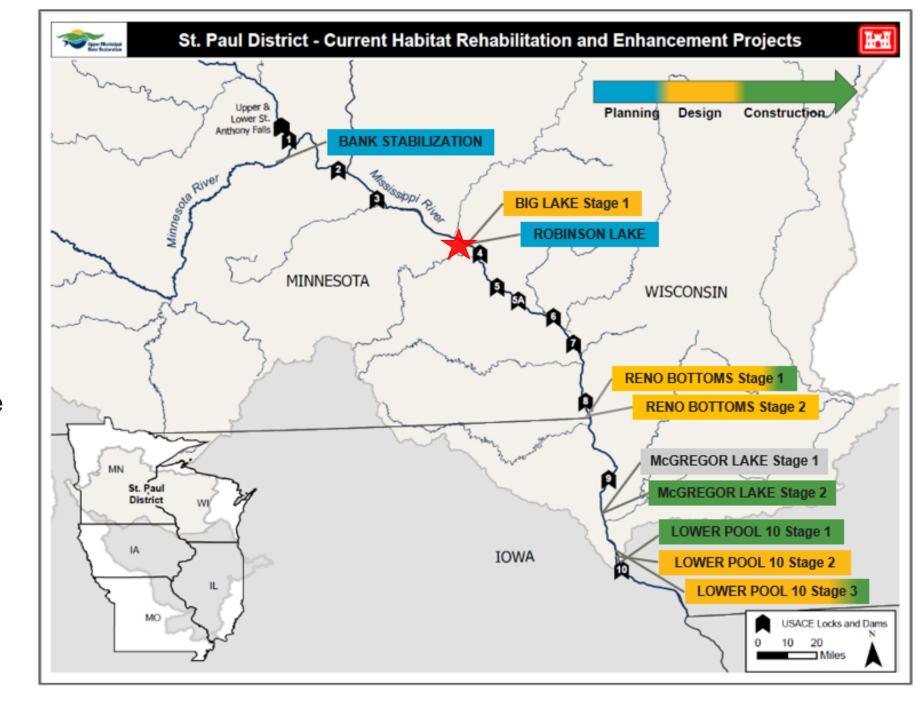
#### **Active HREPs**:

- Currently all located on the Refuge and sponsored by the USFWS
- 100% federally funded
- Agency partners include Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Iowa Departments of Natural Resources







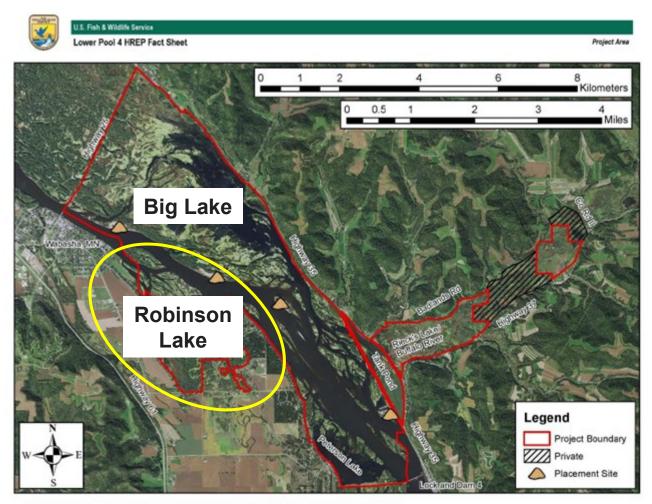






#### **LOWER POOL 4 FACT SHEET (2020)**

- Fact Sheet included in Appendix A and on the website
  - Phase 1: Big Lake
  - Phase 2: Robinson Lake
    - ➤ Initiated in January 2023



Map Created:10/22/2019 By: USFWS Biologist J. Froehly Project Saved as H./FWWG/Big Lake HREP/Big Lake HREP/mxd





#### **BIG LAKE HREP**

#### Public meetings

- 29 August 2022 Initial meeting
- 8 November 2023 Public Draft Report

Feasibility Report/Environmental Assessment

- Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI)
- June 2024

#### Design

September 2024 - Summer 2026

#### Website updates

Email biglakehrep@usace.army.mil or umrr-mvphrep@usace.army.mil to be added to the email list



#### Lower Pool 4 - Big Lake | HABITAT REHABILITATION & ENHANCEMENT PROJECT



gram, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers studying the feasibility of enhancing and

en the lake and Catfish Slough have

limited depth diversity used by native fish







rotect, enhance, restore, or create naturally re esilient, and diverse bottomland forest habitat

ntain a balance of coverage and relative abundance of tive emergent, rooted floating leaved, and submersed quatic vegetation communities

rotect, enhance, restore, or create flowing channel habita

rotect, enhance, restore, or create backwater habitati



e construction will also utilize fine material sediment from overwintering fish abitat and access dredging

ome possible restoration actions include

- Forest restoration planting hard mast producing trees
- Dredging for habitat benefits
- Bank stabilization

- Forest floor management and promoting natural regeneration Invasive species management
- Flow modification structures







## **ROBINSON LAKE HREP**



#### Status:

- Previous public meeting
  - May 17, 2023
  - Background info & Initial concepts
- Draft Feasibility Report &
   Environmental Assessment
  - Document released February 20, 2025
  - Public meeting today







#### **COMMENTS MAY 2023 PUBLIC MEETING**

- Changes to Robinson Lake over the past few years/decades
  - Loss of open water habitat (shallower)
  - Sedimentation
  - Increased aquatic vegetation
- Interest in removing sediment and creating deeper areas for fish and recreation
- Consider human habitat
- Dredging along shorelines for access and use material to build islands

(FAQ from May 2023 meeting on website)



Photo submitted by Lauri Hassinger



Photo submitted by Sarah Wilhelmson



#### **NAVIGATION DREDGING**

- The Corps dredges for maintenance of 9-foot navigation channel in the Mississippi River
- Federal navigation includes commerce, national security needs, and public recreation. The Corps does not dredge for personal navigation needs
- Dredged material placement sites near the study area: Crats Island, Teepeota Point, Grand Encampment



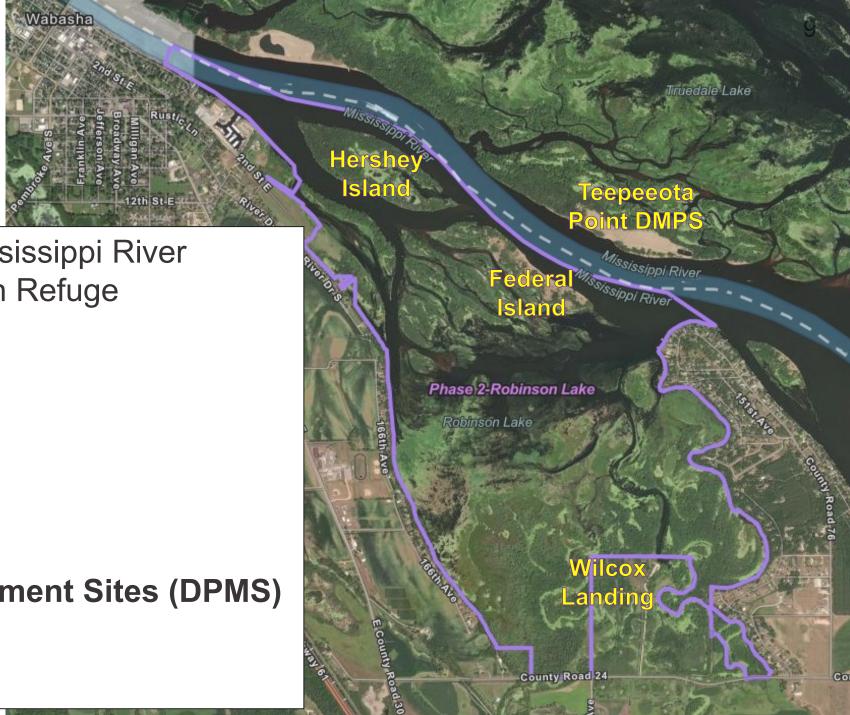
#### ROBINSON LAKE STUDY AREA

 Entirely within Upper Mississippi River National Wildlife and Fish Refuge

#### Key areas:

- Robinson Lake
- Wilcox Landing
- Federal Island
- Hershey Island
- Dredged Material Placement Sites (DPMS)
  - Teepeeota Point

Section 1 in the Report





### PROBLEMS (SECTION 2.3.1)

- Sediment from the Chippewa River & deposition in the backwaters
- Loss of historic island complex
- Poor water circulation and high nutrient concentrations - algal growth and anoxic conditions

- Lack of depth diversity
- Limited backwater fish habitat
- Degradation and loss of floodplain forest
- Expansion of invasive species









# **OBJECTIVES (SECTION 2.3.3)**



Maintain a balance of coverage and relative abundance of native emergent, rooted floating leaved, and submersed aquatic vegetation communities



Protect, enhance, and restore **backwater habitats** to restore, maintain, or create depth diversity and flow conditions suitable for native backwater biota (native fish and mussel populations)



Protect, restore, or create naturally regenerating, resilient, and diverse **bottomland forest habitat** that will benefit migratory and resident birds and other species



Protect, restore, or enhance **existing islands** 

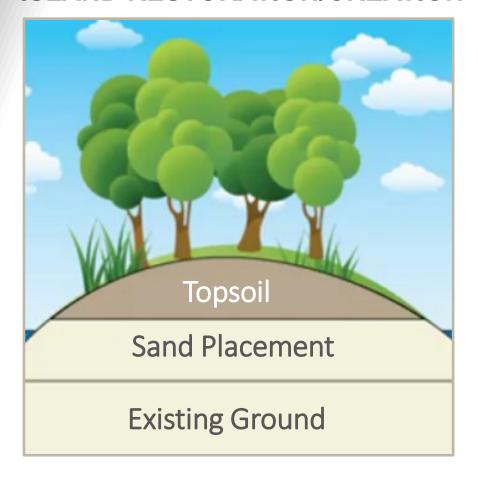


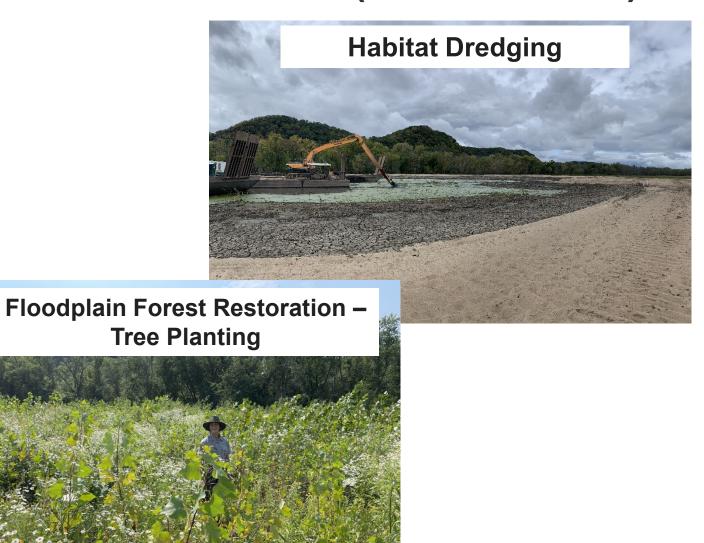




# **MANAGEMENT MEASURES (SECTION 4.1)**

#### **ISLAND RESTORATION/CREATION**











# **MANAGEMENT MEASURES (SECTION 4.1)**

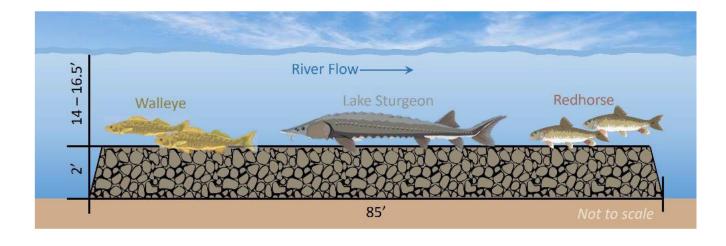


#### **Thin Layer Placement**

- Material placed on the existing land
- About 6 24" of dredged material
- Raises land to reduce flood impacts

#### **Spawning Reef**

- Lake Sturgeon, Walleye, Redhorse, etc (deepwater broadcast spawning fish) & mussels
- 2 rock features with angular rock
- 2 rock features with cobble (rounded rock)
- Depth (12-15') and velocity based on previous spawning reef projects



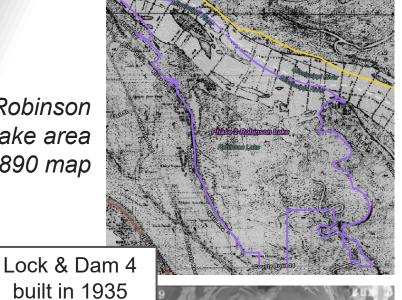




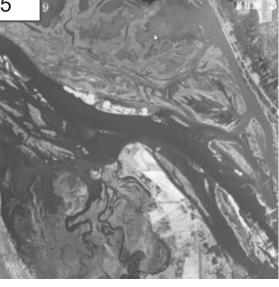


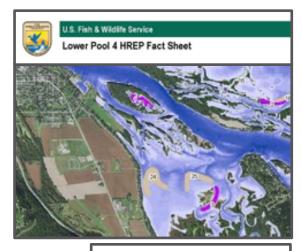
#### INITIAL DEVELOPMENT

Robinson Lake area 1890 map



Robinson Lake area 1939





2020 Fact Sheet

Historic & current maps

Long Term Resource Monitoring (LTRM) data

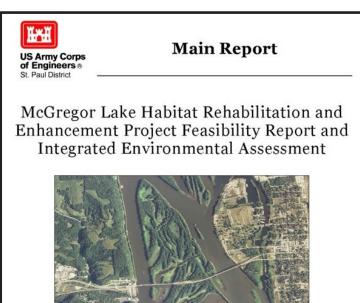
Data collection bathymetry, soil borings

Public comments

Lessons learned

Site visits











# INTERAGENCY TEAM ALTERNATIVES DEVELOPMENT

Reviewed historic landforms & channels

Use model to determine maximum plan based on flood stage impacts

Started with the base plan (Alt 2) that would be acceptable to interagency team

Built larger alternatives considering constructability & key measures

Resulted in 10 alternatives including No Action

January 2023





Summer 2023



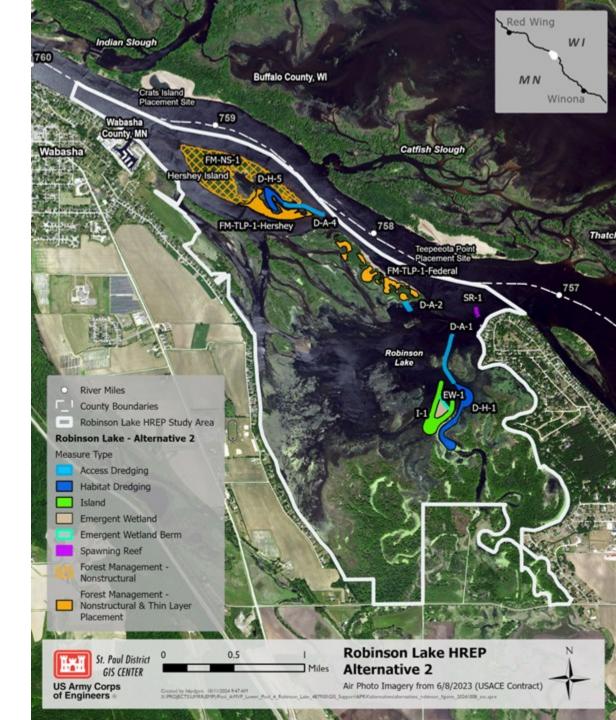




## ALTERNATIVE 2 SMALLEST

- 1 Islands ~ 10 acres
- Dredging access & habitat ~ 10 acres
- Emergent Wetland ~ 2.6 acres
- Spawning Reef
- Forest Management planting/seeding
- Forest Management Thin Layer Placement
  - Federal & Hershey Islands

Figure 4. Alternative 2 (page 35)





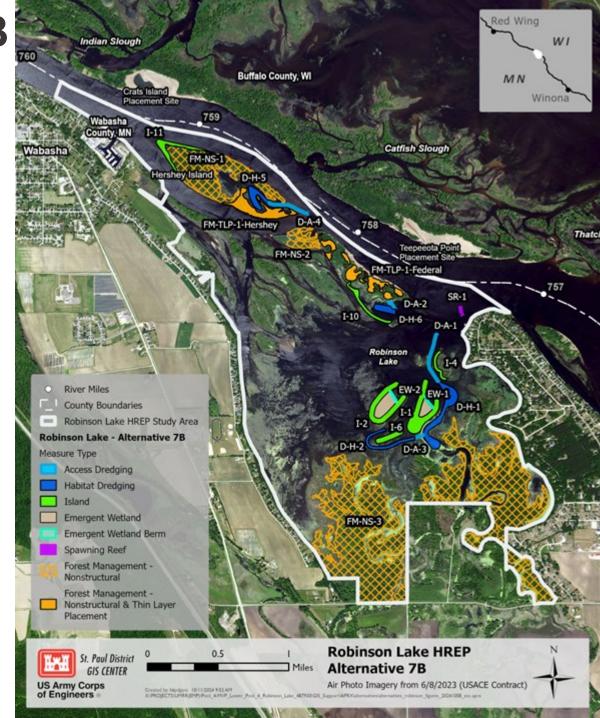




## ALTERNATIVE 7B LARGEST

- 5 Islands ~ 28 acres
- Dredging access & habitat ~ 20 acres
- Emergent Wetland ~ 8 acres
- Spawning Reef
- Forest Management planting/seeding
- Forest Management Thin Layer Placement
  - Federal & Hershey Islands

Figure 12. Alternative 7B (page 43)









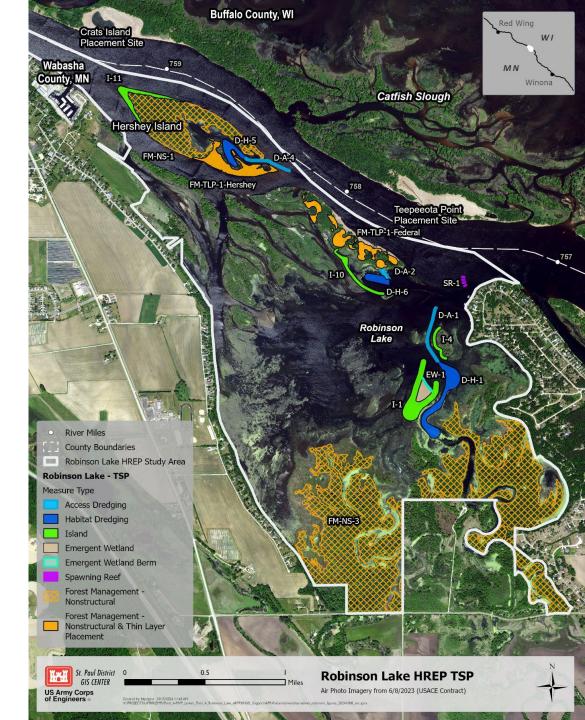
# TENTATIVELY SELECTED PLAN

#### Section 6 in the Report

Alternative 6B Project Benefits

- √ 4 islands (20 acres)
- √ 261 acres of forest restoration
- √ 21 acres of Thin Layer Placement
- √ 16 acres of aquatic habitat related to dredging
- √ 2.6 acres of emergent wetland
- √ Spawning reef

Figure 14. Tentatively Selected Plan – Alternative 6B (page 62)



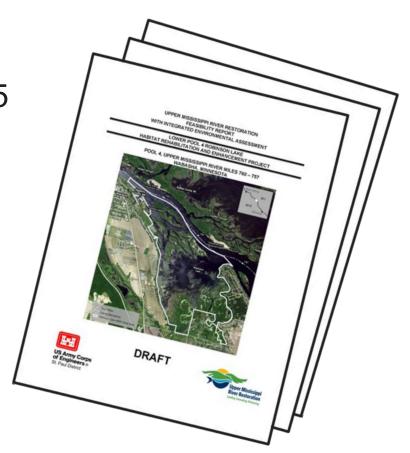






#### **ROBINSON LAKE DRAFT REPORT**

- Draft Feasibility Report (FR) & Environmental Assessment (EA)
  - USACE Planning process FR
  - National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) document EA
- Public Comment Period: <u>20 February 21 March</u> 2025
- The main report summarizes the following:
  - ☐ Authority & Study Area (Section 1)
  - ☐ Project goals and objectives (Section 2)
  - ☐ Existing Conditions (Section 3)
  - Development of alternatives (Section 4)
  - ☐ Comparison of the alternatives (Section 5)
  - ☐ Tentatively Selected Plan for implementation (Section 6)
  - ☐ Analyses of the plan/environmental consequences (Section 7)
  - ☐ Public involvement and coordination (Section 8)
  - ☐ Recommendation (Section 9)



There are 3 files on the website for appendices: A; B-D; and E-K based on file size limits

Appendix A – Correspondence and Coordination

Appendix B – Clean Water Act Compliance

Appendix C – Habitat Analysis

Appendix D – Geotechnical & Sediment Quality Analysis

Appendix E – Hydrology and Hydraulics

Appendix F – Cost Engineering

Appendix G – Real Estate Plan

Appendix H – Civil Engineering

Appendix I – RECONS Analysis

Appendix J – Monitoring and Adaptive Management

Appendix K – Draft Memorandum of Agreement with the US Fish and Wildlife Service



#### NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT

- NEPA requires agencies to assess the environmental effects of a proposed action and develop a document before making a decision
- The purposes of NEPA documents, such as this EA, are:
  - for agencies to make better informed decisions
  - to inform the public and provide for review and comment

#### **Public Comments**

- Comments should be clear, concise, and relevant Comments are not for voting
- The most effective comments are solution-oriented and provide specific examples



Provide comments on the Draft EA via comment cards, email, or mail

Email list for updates: umrr-mvp-hrep@usace.army.mil

#### Website:

https://www.mvr.usace.army.mil/Missions/Environmental-Stewardship/Upper-Mississippi-River-Restoration/Habitat-Restoration/St-Paul-District/Lower-Pool-4-Robinson-Lake/

Written comments no later than March 21, 2025, submitted to:

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Attention: RPEDN, Amanda Goldstein 332 Minnesota Street Suite E1500

St. Paul MN 55101

Email: umrr-mvp-hrep@usace.army.mil



#### **Sign-in Sheet & Comment Cards**

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment may be made publicly available